

Keeping the World Flowing for Future Generations

M series

MCx-AC-xxxAx-8.09 user manual





MCx-AC-xxxAx-8.09

(110-240 VAC; 4-20 mA Control)

USER MANUAL

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MEANING OF SYMBOLS



The exclamation point within an equilateral triangle is intended to alert the user to the presence of important operating and maintenance (servicing) instructions in the literature accompanying the product.



The Lightning Flash with arrowhead symbol within an equilateral triangle, is intended to alert the user to the presence of un-insulated "dangerous voltage" within the product enclosure that may be of sufficient magnitude to constitute a risk of shock to persons.

INSTALLATION

The safety of any system incorporating the equipment is the responsibility of the assembler of the system.

Environmental Conditions

The M-Series actuator has an IP66 rating but is recommended for indoor use in environments with a relative humidity below 80%. For outdoor use, or for use in higher humidity environments, please consider the equivalent R-Series actuator with its IP68 rating.

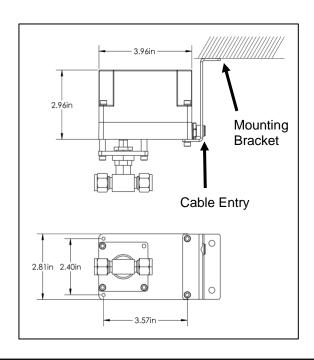
The ambient temperature range for the standard M-Series is -20 to 40 °C (-4 to 104 °F). The internal heater option shifts the temperatures to a lower range of -40 to 40 °C (-40 to 104 °F).

The standard M-Series has been approved for use at altitudes of up to 2000 m.

Mounting

In most cases, the actuator must be mounted and supported as shown in the image to the right. The mounting bracket is not supplied by Rotork.

Exceptionally, the actuator may be suspended on the tubing itself but ONLY if the application is vibration free and the tubing is minimum ¼" dia. stainless.

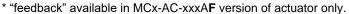


Wiring

The actuator comes standard with a cable gland and a 10' cable. Cut the cable to the length required and then connect according to the following wire color schematic:

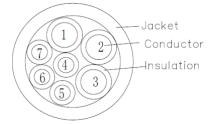
Wire color schematic for cable:

Colour	Function
Black (1)	Live 110-240 VAC (18 AWG)
Red (2)	Neutral 110-240 VAC (18 AWG)
Green (3)	Earth ≟(18 AWG)
Yellow (4)	Ground [⊥] (22 AWG)
Grey (5)	Feedback* signal (22 AWG)
Brown (6)	Isolated** input signal gnd. (22 AWG)
Blue (7)	Isolated** input signal 4-20 mA (22 AWG)



^{** &}quot;isolated" available in MCx-AC-xxxAI and xxxAF versions of actuator only.



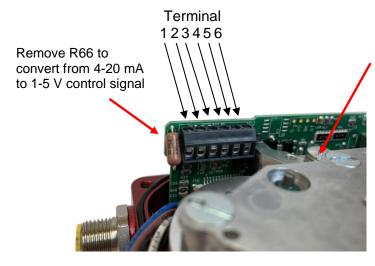


If the cable is not included with your actuator, connect the wires according to the chart below:

Pin	Function
6	Already connected to power supply
	(connect live wire to loose black cable, see next page)
5	Already connected to power supply
	(connect neutral wire to loose red cable, see next page)
4	Feedback* gnd.
3	Feedback* 4-20 mA
2	Isolated** input signal gnd.
1	Isolated** input + signal (4-20 mA)

^{* &}quot;feedback" available in MCx-AC-xxxAF version of actuator only.

^{** &}quot;isolated" available in MCx-AC-xxxAI and xxxAF versions of actuator only.



The protective earth wire should be placed underneath the screw indicated here. To do this, loosen the screw, then re-tighten while ensuring the earth wire stays in place.

Power Supply and Current Draw

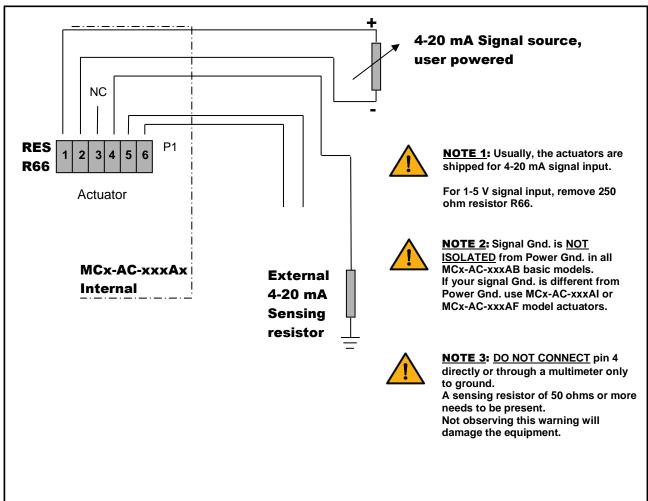
The **MCx-AC-xxxAx** may be connected to voltages ranging within 110-240 VAC. The AC supply to the actuator must be limited by a 1.5 A fuse or circuit breaker; it is recommended to have this installed near the actuator.

The power consumption will range from minimum 30 mA when the actuator is not moving up to maximum 400 mA when active.



Control Signal and Feedback

Locate the correct connection terminals/wires as shown on the previous page, then connect your input signal on positions 1 and 2 (yellow and blue wires) as shown below. Feedback, if applicable, is connected to position 4 (grey wire).



The actuator 4-20 mA output is internally supplying the signal current and can drive sufficient voltage for any sensing resistor of up to 250 ohms.

The potential of the external GND after the sensing resistor may not be more than +6 VDC / -2 VDC away from the power GND of the actuator.

This feedback signal output is only available in MCx-AC-xxxAF model actuators.

OPERATION

DIP Switches

The DIP switches allow you to change the settings on your actuator. To flip a switch, gently use a small flat-head screwdriver.

See table below for DIP switch functionality.



In this example DIPs 1, 2, 5 and 12 are on.

DIP	Function
1	Speed: Choose how quickly the actuator will turn the valve. See p.8.
2	
3	Only in the ON position for actuator model MCH (with external gear stage).
4	Turns: The actuator usually ships from the factory with the recommended number of turns for the
5	valve. However, this number can be changed. Turning on a switch will add a specific number of
6	turns to the actuator's movement.
7	See p.8 for relation between positions of the DIP switches and number of turns.
8	Example: Turning on DIP 6 adds four turns, turning on DIP 8 adds one turn. If both DIP 6 and 8 are
	on, then the total turns of the actuator would be five.
9	Signal loss: See p.11.
10	Seating torque: Set how much torque the actuator exerts on the valve lever during the calibration
11	(finding valve seat) procedure. See p.9.
12	Direction/Calibration: Toggle switch on and off while powered to re-calibrate actuator (find valve
	seat). Also sets direction in which the actuator will open and close. See p.11.
	Example: The MCM model actuator turns clockwise when the signal is decreased with DIP 12 in the
	OFF position. Putting DIP 12 in the ON position will cause counterclockwise turning for a decrease
	in signal. For changes in DIP 12 position to take effect, the power to the actuator must be cycled.

Controlling the Actuator

The 4-20 mA (or 1-5 V / 1-10 V) input signal represents a total span of a number of turns. I.e.: If you set the number of turns to 2, then a signal of 12 mA will set the actuator to exactly 1 turn from the fully closed position. 15 mA will give: $(15-4)/16=0.6875 \Rightarrow 68.75\%$ of 2 turns $\Rightarrow 1.375$ turns from closed.

Changing the number of turns

With the DIP switch settings, you can adjust anything between 1 and 31 turns to represent the full signal range of 4-20 mA. Check in the table below. (1 = "On", 0 = "Off").

Total Turns Dip4=0	DIP 5	DIP 6	DIP 7	DIP 8
reserved	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	1
2	0	0	1	0
3	0	0	1	1
4	0	1	0	0
5	0	1	0	1
6	0	1	1	0
7	0	1	1	1
8	1	0	0	0
9	1	0	0	1
10	1	0	1	0
11	1	0	1	1
12	1	1	0	0
13	1	1	0	1
14	1	1	1	0
15	1	1	1	1

For more turns, set DIP 4 to the ON position. This will add 16 turns to the number set by DIPs 5 through 8, as shown in the table.

DIP 4=0	+0 turns
DIP 4=1	+16 turns



WARNING: Be sure that the number of turns the actuator is set for is **LESS** than the number of turns for the valve. The actuator should not stop itself on a fully opened valve. It can damage the valve, and the actuator will lose its position.

Torque Settings

To accommodate different valves and other applications with different torque requirements, the actuator can be set to apply different torque on the valve stem when in the seating mode.

During normal operation, the actuator will try to reach the speed set by DIP 1 and DIP 2. It will use 100% torque to try and reach the selected speed, regardless of the positions of DIP 10 and DIP 11. Current draw is limited to 1.5 A regardless of settings.

Seating power settings:

DIP 10	DIP 11	Power
OFF	OFF	16%
OFF	ON	33%
ON	OFF	66%
ON	ON	100%

Please see the box to the right and the tables below to select the power setting that is right for your application.

To deal with sticking valves, at the beginning of the first reversing movement after the seating ("zeroing") of the valve, the actuator will apply double the power set by DIP 10 and DIP 11 (up to 100% power.) This "pull out" function is always enabled.



WARNING: High power settings can supply enough torque to damage your valve. Please be cautious, especially when using the 100% power setting.

Speed and Torque Details

The maximum speed of the actuator can be set by using the first two positions of the DIP switch selector. As a result of this setting, the actuator will limit the maximum speed. The tables below show the time required to complete one turn.

The seating torque depends on the voltage provided in the power connection and on the seating power settings on DIP 10, 11 as shown below.

MCL-AC-xxxAx Actuators

Speed:		
DIP 1	DIP 2	Time for 1 turn (sec)
OFF	OFF	7
OFF	ON	3
ON	OFF	2
ON	ON	1

Torque:			
DIP 10	DIP 11	Seating Torque (in-lbs)	Operating
OFF	OFF	12	torque is
OFF	ON	20	100%
ON	OFF	38	
ON	ON	48	
NOTE: If actua	tor is MCJ-AC-x	xxAx, divide torque valu	es by 3.

NOTE: If actuator is MCJ-AC-xxxAx, divide torque values by 3. To convert in-lbs to Nm, divide by 9.

MCM-AC-xxxAx Actuators

Speed:		
DIP 1	DIP 2	Time for 1 turn (sec)
OFF	OFF	23
OFF	ON	11
ON	OFF	7
ON	ON	4

Torque:			
DIP 10	DIP 11	Seating Torque (in-lbs)	Operating
OFF	OFF	35	torque is
OFF	ON	60	100%
ON	OFF	115	
ON	ON	145	

NOTE: If actuator is MCK-AC-xxxAx, divide torque values by 3. **To convert in-lbs to Nm, divide by 9.**

MCH-AC-xxxAx Actuators

Speed:		
DIP 1	DIP 2	Time for 1 turn (sec)
OFF	OFF	90
OFF	ON	45
ON	OFF	30
ON	ON	18

Torque:								
DIP 10	DIP 11	Seating Torque (in-lbs)	Operating					
OFF	OFF	120	torque is					
OFF	ON	205	100%					
ON	OFF	400						
ON	ON	497						
To convert in-lbs to Nm, divide by 9.								

MCF-AC-xxxAx Actuators

Speed:							
DIP 1	DIP 2	Time for 1 turn (sec)					
OFF	OFF	186					
OFF	ON	94					
ON	OFF	56					
ON	ON	38					

Torque:								
DIP 10	DIP 11	Seating Torque (in-lbs)	Operating					
OFF	OFF	230	torque is					
OFF	ON	380	100%					
ON	OFF	720						
ON	ON	915						
To convert in-lbs to Nm, divide by 9.								

Signal Loss and Calibration

For actuators that are not connected to a UPS (Uninterruptible Power Supply), the loss of signal
will be simultaneous with power loss. Consequently, the actuator will not be able to move anywhere.
In the shutdown process, the actual position is automatically saved to the internal EEPROM. [This
saving of the position only happens for min. 18 VDC supplies] When power is restored, the actuator
will "know" its location and will simply start to follow the signal as received.



IF YOU HAVE TO turn the actuator manually when its power is turned off, it will lose its position, and it will need to be re-zeroed (as described in sub-section 3).

2. For actuators that are connected to a UPS the behavior on signal loss can be set as follows:

Normal position of DIP 9: OFF

With DIP 9 in the off position, the actuator will ignore the signal if it is lost (i.e.: if the signal falls below 0.700 V or 2.80 mA) and simply remain in its current position.

Note: if the sensing resistor R66 is removed (for 1-5 V input signals), we recommend placing a 10K resistor between signal and signal GND.

Predetermined signal loss position DIP 9: ON

With DIP 9 in the on position, the actuator will move to a predetermined position when the signal is lost (i.e.: if the signal falls below 2.80 mA or 0.700 V).

Setting of the predetermined signal loss position:

- a.- turn DIP 9 to the "off" position
- b.- re-zero the actuator by sending and holding an input signal between 2.80 and 4.16 mA (0.700 and 1.04 V) wait until the device is re-zeroed, (i.e.: valve is closed)
- c.- by varying the input signal, move the actuator to the position that is going to be the predetermined signal loss position.
- d.- switch DIP 9 to the "on" position. The current actuator position will be saved as the default signal loss position. (The default signal position is an absolute actuator position, not a signal value.)

3. Re-zeroing the actuator and initiating calibration routine:

The actuator will re-zero when the input signal is between 2.80 and 4.16 mA (0.700V and 1.04 V). It will turn clockwise until the actuator has reached the fully closed position of the valve.

If the valve is removed for any reason, the calibration routine must be initiated on the actuator manually. This is done by toggling DIP 12 (switch position, then back to the original position) while the actuator is powered. This will prevent damage to the valve.

If you need to re-zero in the opposite direction (i.e.: for pressure regulators, which typically go to the "top" fully open position at 4 mA) change the setting of DIP 12 and cycle power.

4. Feedback calibration: [RCx-AC-xxxAF model actuators only]

The current feedback will be calibrated from the factory.

To re-calibrate the feedback:

- a.- Turn off the actuator and disconnect the feedback and input signals. If possible, remove the actuator from the valve.
- b.- Connect the feedback signal to the signal input. Also connect the power and signal grounds.
- c.- Power up the actuator with this "signal loop-back" setup.
- d.- Short SP1. It will automatically run a special routine to calibrate the feedback signal to the signal input. The whole process takes about 1.5 seconds.
- e.- Turn off the power and reconnect the actuator as normal.



Troubleshooting

Upon noticing a problem, your first step should almost always be to recalibrate the actuator by toggling DIP 12 while the actuator is powered. This alone can solve basic problems. See sub-section 3 above for more details.

If the actuator does not move, try following these steps:

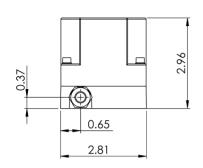
- 1) Re-calibrate the actuator. This will move the actuator regardless of what signal it is receiving.
- 2) A sticking valve may be the problem. Remove the valve from the actuator, and re-test the actuator.
- 3) Remove power. Re-check the wiring and the power/signal apparatus. Power actuator and re-calibrate. If the problem persists, please call Rotork for technical support.

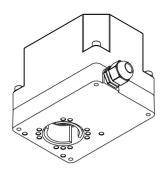
Any parts found to be defective should be examined and/or replaced by Rotork.

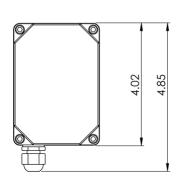


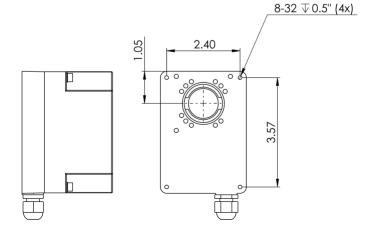
ACTUATOR DIMENSIONS

MCJ/ MCL/ MCM -AC-xxxAx models



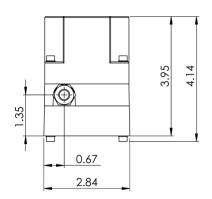


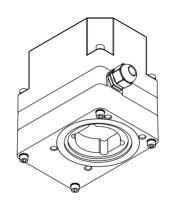


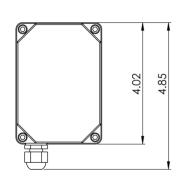


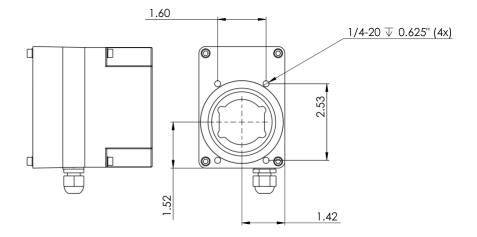


MCH-AC-xxxAx models



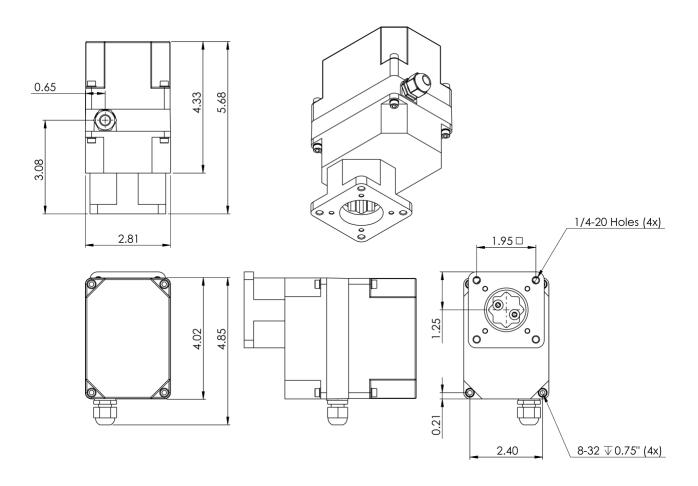








MCF-AC-xxxAx models





PART NUMBER BREAKDOWN

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ı				<u> </u>								1	Mounting Kit, Customer Supplies Valve,
	М	M-Se	ries									,	does not send valve to Hanbay
		С	Conti	nuous								2	Mounting Kit, Customer Supplies Valve, sends valve to Hanbay
		Ď	Discr									3	Mounting Kit, Hanbay Provides Valve
			J	Extra	Low T	orque				AB	Analo	g Sig	gnal Board
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						Position Indicator (Multi-turn) Quick Release Mounting Kit							

LABEL BREAKDOWN

Firmware Version

AF-1.05 MM = Multiturn

AB-1.05 MML = Multiturn Low Torque

MMUL = Multiturn Extra Low Torque AS-1.05

QM = Quarter turn

QM97 = Quarter turn 97°

DT-2.01 DC-2.01

M-Dx V2.34

Actuator Supply Voltage

12-24 VDC @ 3.0 A or 110-240 VAC @ 1.5 A

Actuator Series

M-Series or R-Series

Circuit Board Version

Ax-8.09 Dx-10.41

Px-10.3

rotork

M-Series 110-240 VAC 1.5A

Ax-8.09 AF-1.05MM



NC, 27/103 Made in USA S/N: 19103201-01



Actuator Part Number

Refer to part number breakdown for available options.

QR Code

Scan this QR code for a direct link to the user manual for your unit!

Actuator Serial Number

This serial number is unique for each individual unit and is directly tied to your order/invoice number.

> As part of a process of on-going product development, Rotork reserves the right to amend and change specifications without prior notice. Published data may be subject to change. For the very latest version release, visit our website at www.rotork.com

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