

TÜV INTERCERT S.r.l. – Group of TÜV Saarland

on behalf of
TÜV INTERCERT GmbH – Group of TÜV Saarland

Report no.: RC-1117-SIL-TIC-PC-0010061-17-04

**SIL SUMMARY REPORT** 

IEC 61508-1/7: 2010

Pneumatic / hydraulic compact scotch-yoke spring return actuators

**Series RC** 

Rotork Sweden AB Kontrollvägen, 15 SE-791 22 Falun

Date: 2017-11-02 Place: Reggio Emilia

Author Carlo Tarantola

Signature

This document is only valid in its entirety, without any change.

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### 1 INTRODUCTION

This report summarises the results of the assessment according to standards:

IEC 61508-1/7: 2010

for the following products:

pneumatic / hydraulic compact scotch-yoke spring return actuators series RC

#### NOTES:

• The results of this report can be used for the assessment of a complete Safety Instrumented System.

## 2 ASSESSMENT AND RESULTS

Product identification				
Device	Pneumatic / hydraulic compact scotch-yoke spring return actuators			
Series	RC			
Models / configurations	RC - No PST RC - With PST RC88 - No PST RC88 - With PST			
Safety function(s)				
1.	with power control sys NOTE: con the safety to can be con	a full stroke (90° ± tolerance) driven by the spring, fluid exhausted from the cylinder through the tem. asidering the functioning of the actuator to perform function(s), the safety functions "close" and "open" asidered equivalent. The safety function is in both en by the spring.		
Mode of operation of the safety function(s)	Low demand mode			
Reference standards				
General functional safety standard	IEC 61508	-1/7: 2010		
Product specific functional safety standard	None			
Assessment phases				
Management of functional safety / functional safety planning	Assessed A functional safety audit of the manageme systems and of the functional safety plann conducted to document and highlight that development of the product under consider is compliant with IEC 61508.			
Safety requirements specification				

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Design	Assessed	<ul> <li>The assessment of the design included the following aspects:         <ul> <li>Quantifiable aspects: random failure rates, DC, SFF, PFD<sub>AVG</sub>, β factors, MRT, PTC, architectural constraints</li> <li>Non-quantifiable aspects: behaviour of the safety function under fault conditions, safety-related software (not applicable to the product under consideration), systematic failures, behaviour under environmental conditions</li> </ul> </li> <li>See below for the results.</li> </ul>	
Verification and Validation	Assessed	The verification and validation activities performed by the manufacturer include review, analysis and tests.	
Information for use	Assessed	<ul> <li>The assessment covers:</li> <li>the installation, operation and maintenance instructions (IOM Manual)</li> <li>the particular instructions required by Annex D of IEC 61508 Part 2 (Safety Manual)</li> </ul>	
Modification	Assessed	Procedures for modification activity are described in specific documents, referenced in the safety planning.	
Results			
Selected assessment routes	<ul> <li>For System</li> <li>Furthermond</li> <li>7.4.10.7 of fulfilled, as</li> <li>the and the (incomplete)</li> <li>of some the the</li> <li>the</li> </ul>	hitectural constraints: Routes 1 <sub>H</sub> and 2 <sub>H</sub> stematic Capability: Route 1 <sub>S</sub> re, the requirements in paragraphs 7.4.10.1– IEC 61508 Part 2 are assessed and considering product has a restricted and specified functionality is designed to perform specified safety functions product has an adequate documentary evidence luding extensive operating experience and results uitability analysis and testing), sufficient to claim declared failure rates manufacturer has an effective system for orting failures	
Element type (A or B)	Type A		
HFT	The produc	t has a single channel configuration, HFT=0.	

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Random failure rates	FMEDA, integra	The determination of random failure rates is performed with a FMEDA, integrated with field feedback, according to IEC 61508 Part 2 Par. 7.4.4.3.3, using the Bayesian approach.			
Configuration	Safety function	λ <sub>DU</sub> [1/h]	λ <sub>DD</sub> [1/h]	λ <sub>s</sub> [1/h]	
RC - No PST	1	1,18E-08	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	
RC - With PST	1	1,07E-09	1,08E-08	0,00E+00	
RC88- No PST	1	2,36E-08	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	
RC88 - With PST	1	2,13E-09	2,15E-08	0,00E+00	
Spurious trip rate	<ul> <li>RC88: 4</li> <li>NOTE: failures</li> <li>generate spurio</li> <li>Part" and not "S</li> <li>no part in imple</li> <li>3.6.16 of IEC 6</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>RC: 1,87E-07 [1/h]</li> <li>RC88: 4,10E-07 [1/h]</li> <li>NOTE: failures of components of the cylinder which can generate spurious trips shall be correctly classified as "No Part" and not "Safe", being related to components that "play no part in implementing the safety function" (see definition 3.6.16 of IEC 61508 Part 4). Anyway the spurious trip rate is</li> </ul>			
DC	The product doe Diagnostic is on PST.	estimated.  The product does not include internal diagnostics.  Diagnostic is only be possible via external means, e.g. with a PST.  The procedure for the PST is described in the Safety Manual.			
SFF	Considering tha 61508 Part 4:  SFF=0 v SFF>0 v accordin	Considering that $\lambda_s$ =0, according to definitions 3.6.15 of IEC			
PFD <sub>AVG</sub>	As the PFD <sub>AVG</sub> version the PTC and the product-dependence product relevant Anyway, PFD <sub>AV</sub>	As the PFD <sub>AVG</sub> value depends also on the test intervals and on the PTC and the coverage of external tests, which are not product-dependant quantities, the PFD <sub>AVG</sub> values are not product relevant quantities, while $\lambda$ values are. Anyway, PFD <sub>AVG</sub> values are calculated for a certain number of combination of test intervals.			
β factors	values for of to IEC 6150 • The above v redundancy The β factors ca	<ul> <li>β=β<sub>D</sub>=0,05</li> <li>The above value is the value for 1oo2 architecture. The values for other architectures shall be calculated according to IEC 61508 Part 6, Table D.5.</li> <li>The above value is calculated in the hypothesis of redundancy without diversity</li> <li>The β factors can be used when performing PFD<sub>AVG</sub> calculations for redundant architectures.</li> </ul>			
MRT	24 h The MRT consid it takes in consid				
PTC	The procedure for the Proof Test is described in the Safety Manual.				

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Architectural constraints	The product can be used in:  • single channel configuration:  • up to SIL 2 without external diagnostic tests  • up to SIL 3 considering external diagnostic tests  • double channel configuration: up to SIL 3		
Expected lifetime	25 years		
Behaviour of the safety function under fault conditions	The product does not include internal diagnostics.		
Safety related SW	No SW is used to implement the safety function.		
Systematic Capability	3		
Behaviour under environmental conditions	The behaviour in environmental conditions is assessed evaluating the relevant environmental tests.		
Limitations for use	Make reference to the Safety Manual.		

#### Remarks

- The random failure rates in the above table are valid for all the possible configurations of the product.
- According to the definition of IEC 61508 (in particular definitions 3.6.8 and 3.6.13 of IEC 61508 Part 4), no Safe Failures are possible in a single acting actuator: each failure mode of the actuator itself shall be classified as "Dangerous" or "No Effect" (failures which can generate the spurious operation of the safety function are only external to the actuator itself, or are related to components that "play no part in implementing the safety function"); hence, λ<sub>S</sub>=0 for each type of single acting actuator.
- Failures of components of the cylinder which can generate spurious trips shall be correctly
  classified as "No Part" and not "Safe", being related to components that "play no part in
  implementing the safety function" (see definition 3.6.16 of IEC 61508 Part 4).
  Anyway the spurious trip rate is estimated.
- The  $\lambda_S$  values are not divided in  $\lambda_{SD}$  and  $\lambda_{SU}$ , as this subdivision has no relevance for any of the SIL parameters.
- For further details, make reference to the Safety Manual.

Reference documents	
SIL Assessment Report	TÜV INTERCERT document no. RC-1117-SIL-TIC-PC-0010061-17-03
Safety Manual	Rotork document no. SM-RC-A-00-E

### 3 STATUS OF THE DOCUMENT

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# ANNEX A - EXAMPLES OF PFDAVG CALCULATIONS

Type: RC - No PST - Safety function: 1

Proof test interval (months)				
6 12 24 36 48				
2,62E-05	5,22E-05	1,04E-04	1,56E-04	2,08E-04

Type: RC - With PST - Safety function: 1

		Proof test interval (months)						
		6	6 12 24 36 48					
	1	6,56E-06	8,89E-06	1,36E-05	1,82E-05	2,29E-05		
val s)	2	1,05E-05	1,28E-05	1,75E-05	2,22E-05	2,68E-05		
interva onths)	3	1,44E-05	1,68E-05	2,14E-05	2,61E-05	3,08E-05		
	6		2,86E-05	3,32E-05	3,79E-05	4,26E-05		
PST (m)	9				4,97E-05			
_	12			5,69E-05	6,15E-05	6,62E-05		

Type: RC88 - No PST - Safety function: 1

Proof test interval (months)				
6 12 24 36 48				
5,23E-05 1,04E-04 2,08E-04 3,11E-04 4,15E-04				

Type: RC88 - With PST - Safety function: 1

		Proof test interval (months)						
		6	6 12 24 36 48					
	1	1,31E-05	1,77E-05	2,71E-05	3,64E-05	4,57E-05		
val s)	2	2,09E-05	2,56E-05	3,49E-05	4,42E-05	5,35E-05		
interva onths)	3	2,88E-05	3,34E-05	4,28E-05	5,21E-05	6,14E-05		
	6		5,70E-05	6,63E-05	7,56E-05	8,49E-05		
m)	9				9,92E-05			
	12			1,13E-04	1,23E-04	1,32E-04		

## NOTES:

- The above values of PFD<sub>AVG</sub> are calculated for MRT=24 h and proof test coverage=100%. For other values of MRT, TI, TI<sub>PS</sub> and/or non-perfect proof test, the PFD<sub>AVG</sub> values must be re-calculated.
- The PFD<sub>AVG</sub> values including partial stroke test are calculated considering the use of a commercial automatic partial stroking test system: for further details, see the Safety Manual.

The values in the above tables are compatible with SIL 3.

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# **ANNEX B - ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS**

Term	Meaning
β, β <sub>D</sub>	Beta common cause factor
λвв	"Black Box" Failure rate – Literature data
$\lambda_{D}$	Failure rate of dangerous failures
$\lambda_{DD}$	Failure rate of detected dangerous failures
$\lambda_{DU}$	Failure rate of undetected dangerous failures
λ <sub>NE</sub>	Failure rate of no effect failures
$\lambda_{S}$	Failure rate of safe failures
λss	"Steady State" Failure rate – Final Value
DC	Diagnostic coverage
FMEDA	Failure modes, effects and diagnostic analysis
HFT	Hardware fault tolerance
High demand mode	Mode, where the frequency of demands for operation made on a safety- related system is greater than one per year
Low demand mode	Mode, where the frequency of demands for operation made on a safety- related system is no greater than one per year
MRT	Mean repair time
PFD	Probability of failure on demand
PFD <sub>AVG</sub>	Average probability of failure on demand
PFH	Probability of failure per hour
PST	Partial stroke test
PTC	Proof test coverage
SFF	Safe failure fraction
SIF	Safety instrumented function
SIL	Safety integrity level
SIS	Safety instrumented system
SLC	Safety lifecycle
SRS	Safety requirements specification
TI	Test interval for proof test (full stroke)
TI <sub>D</sub> (TI <sub>PS</sub> )	Test interval for diagnostic test (partial stroke)
Туре А	"Non-complex" element (using only discrete components to implement the safety function)
Туре В	"Complex" element (using also micro controllers or programmable logic to implement the safety function)

For definitions, standard IEC 61508 (in particular Part 4) applies.

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